

## Ultrasonic sensor UB500-18GM75-BIT-V15



## Features

- Serial digital output
- 3 different options of outputs parameterisable
- Parameterisation input
- Synchronisation options
- Deactivation option
- Temperature compensation
- Very small unusable area

## Electrical connection

Standard symbol/Connections:

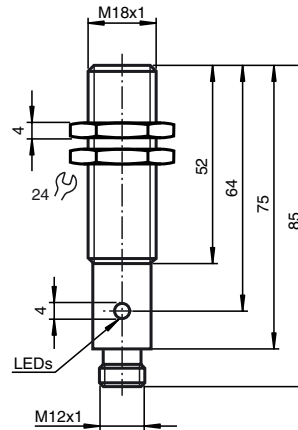


Core colours in accordance with EN 60947-5-2.

## Connector V15



## Dimensions



## Technical data



### General specifications

Sensing range	30 ... 500 mm
Unusable area	0 ... 30 mm
Standard target plate	100 mm x 100 mm
Transducer frequency	approx. 380 kHz
Response delay	approx. 50 ms

### Indicators/operating means

LED green	Power on
LED red	flashing: error(permanent: no object detected)

### Electrical specifications

Operating voltage	10 ... 30 V DC, ripple 10 % <sub>SS</sub>
No-load supply current $I_0$	≤ 50 mA

### Input/Output

Synchronisation	1 synchronous input, bi-directional 0-level: $-U_B \dots +1$ V 1-level: $+4$ V... $+U_B$ input impedance: > 12 k $\Omega$ synchronisation pulse: ≥ 100 $\mu$ s, synchronisation interpulse period: ≥ 2 ms
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Synchronisation frequency	≤ 95 Hz
Common mode operation	≤ 95/n Hz, n = number of sensors

### Input

Input type	1 Parameterisation input Input impedance: > 4.7 k $\Omega$
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### Output

Output type	1 serial output, push/pull, parameterisable
Resolution	1 mm
Deviation of the characteristic curve	± 1 % of full-scale value
Repeat accuracy	± 0,5 % of full-scale value
Load impedance	> 1000 Ohm < 100 nF
Temperature influence	± 1,5 % of full-scale value

### Standard conformity

Standards	EN 60947-5-2
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### Ambient conditions

Ambient temperature	-25 ... 70 °C (248 ... 343 K)
Storage temperature	-40 ... 85 °C (233 ... 358 K)

### Mechanical specifications

Protection degree	IP65
Connection	connector V15 (M12 x 1), 5 pin
Material	
Housing	brass, nickel-plated
Transducer	epoxy resin/hollow glass sphere mixture; foam polyurethane, cover PBT
Mass	60 g

**Parameter assignment of the signal output**

The ultrasonic sensor is equipped with a signal output that represents the distance determined to the object in the form of a digital value proportional to the distance of the object. The current path characteristic of this output signal follows a zero-point straight line, i.e. The extrapolated digital value for the object distance 0 (which is not usable in practical terms) also corresponds to 0. As the object distance increases, the digital value also increases. The digital value is generated serially. A word consists of 1 start bit (level 1), 12 data bits (value), and 1 stop bit (level 0).

The object distance can be calculated according to:

$$\text{Object distance [mm]} = \text{Value} / 2$$

If no object is detected, a level 1 is permanently present on the output.

The bit width is adjusted by the wiring arrangement of the parameterisation input.

Wiring arrangement of the parameterisation input	Bit width
-U <sub>B</sub>	50 µs
Not used	100 µs
+U <sub>B</sub>	200 µs

The sensor checks the parameterisation input when the operating voltage is switched on. A change in the wiring of the parameterisation input during ongoing operation has no effect on the signal output.

**LED display**

The sensor is equipped with 2 LEDs. Their meaning is as follows:

LED green: Operating voltage applied

LED red: No object detected

**Synchronisation**

The sensor features a synchronisation input for the suppression of mutual interference. If this input is not used, the sensor will operate using an internally generated clock rate. The synchronisation of multiple sensors can be implemented as follows:

**External synchronisation**

The sensor can be synchronised by the external application of a square wave voltage. A synchronisation pulse at the synchronisation input starts a measuring cycle. The pulse must have a duration greater than 100 µs. The measuring cycle starts with the falling edge of a synchronisation pulse. A low level > 1 s or an open synchronisation input results in normal operation of the sensor. A high level at the synchronisation input disables the sensor.

Two operating modes are available

- 1) Multiple sensors can be controlled by the same synchronisation signal. The sensors work on the same clock rate.
- 2) The synchronisation pulses are sent cyclically to only one sensor at a time. The sensors operate in multiplex mode.

**Internal synchronisation**

The synchronisation connections of up to 5 sensors capable of internal synchronisation are connected to one another. When power is applied, these sensors operate in multiplex mode. The response delay increases according to the number of sensors to be synchronised.

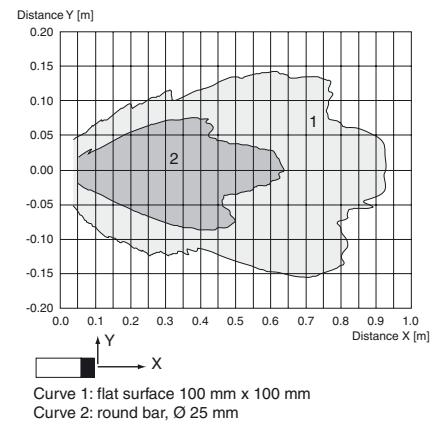
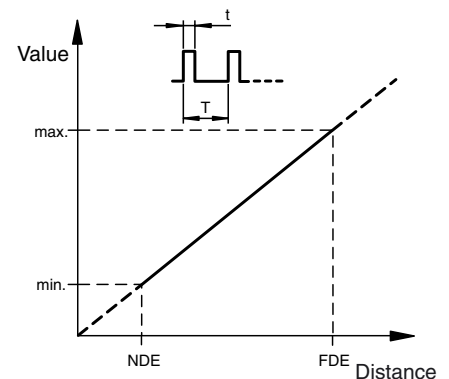
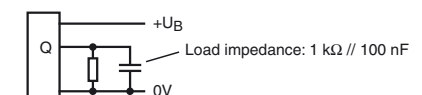
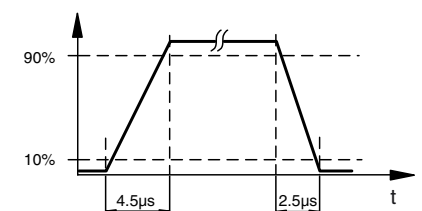
**Note**

If the option for synchronisation is not used, the synchronisation input should be connected with ground (0 V) or the sensor should be operated with a V1 cable connector (4-pin).

**Installation conditions**

If the sensor is installed at places, where the environment temperature can fall below 0 °C, for the sensors fixation, one of the mounting flanges BF18, BF18-F or BF 5-30 must be used.

In case of direct mounting of the sensor in a through hole using the steel nuts, it has to be fixed at the middle of the housing thread. If a fixation at the front end of the threaded housing is required, plastic nuts with centering ring (accessories) must be used.

**UB500-18GM75-BIT-V15****Characteristic curves/additional information****Characteristic response curve****Output characteristic****Rise-/fall time of output signal****Accessories****Mounting aids/fixing flanges**

OMH-04

BF 18