Ultrasonic sensor UB1000-18GM75-BIT-V15

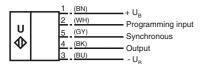


Features

- · Serial digital output
- 3 different options of outputs parameterisable
- Paramaterisation input
- · Synchronisation options
- Deactivation option
- Temperature compensation

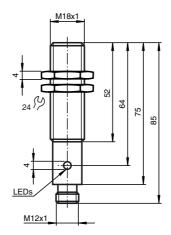
Electrical connection

Standard symbol/Connections:



Core colours in accordance with EN 60947-5-2.

Dimensions





Technical data

General specifications Sensing range Unusable area 0 ... 80 mm Standard target plate Transducer frequency Response delay

Indicators/operating means

LED green LED red

Electrical specifications

Operating voltage No-load supply current I₀

Input/output Synchronisation

Synchronisation frequency

Common mode operation Multiplex operation

Input Input type

Output Output type Resolution

Deviation of the characteristic curve

Repeat accuracy Load impedance Temperature influence

Standard conformity Standards

Ambient conditions Ambient temperature

Storage temperature Mechanical specifications

Protection degree Connection Material

Housing Transducer Mass

80 ... 1000 mm

100 mm x 100 mm approx. 205 kHz approx. 150 ms

flashing: error(br>permanent: no object detected

10 ... 30 V DC , ripple 10 $\%_{SS}$

< 50 mA

1 synchronous connection, bi-directional

0-level: -U_B...+1 V 1-level: +4 V...+U_B input impedance: > 12 k Ω

synchronisation pulse: $\geq 100~\mu s,$ synchronisation interpulse period: $\geq 2~ms$

CE

≤ 30 Hz

 \leq 30/n Hz, n = number of sensors

1 Parameterisation input Input impedance: > 4.7 k Ω

1 serial output, push/pull, parameterisable

± 1 % of full-scale value

± 0.5 % of full-scale value

> 1000 Ohm < 100 nF ± 1.5 % of full-scale value

EN 60947-5-2

-25 ... 70 °C (248 ... 343 K) -40 ... 85 °C (233 ... 358 K)

IP65

connector V15 (M12 x 1), 5 pin

brass, nickel-plated

epoxy resin/hollow glass sphere mixture; foam polyurethane, cover PBT

60 q

Connector V15



Parameter assignment of the signal output

The ultrasonic sensor is equipped with a signal output that represents the distance determined to the object in the form of a digital value proportional to the distance of the object. The current path characteristic of this output signal follows a zero-point straight line, i.e. The extrapolated digital value for the object distance 0 (which is not usable in practical terms) also corresponds to 0. As the object distance increases, the digital value also increases. The digital value is generated serially. A word consists of 1 start bit (level 1), 12 data bits (value), and 1 stop bit (level 0).

The object distance can be calculated according to:

Object distance [mm] = Value / 2

If no object is detected, a level 1 is permanently present on the output. The bit width is adjusted by the wiring arrangement of the parameterisation input.

Wiring arrangement of the parameteri-	Bit width
sation input	
-U _B	50 µs
Not used	100 µs
+U _B	200 μs

The sensor checks the parameterisation input when the operating voltage is switched on. A change in the wiring of the parameterisation input during ongoing operation has no effect on the signal output.

LED display

The sensor is equipped with 2 LEDs. Their meaning is as follows:

LED green: Operating voltage applied LED red: No object detected

Synchronisation

The sensor features a synchronisation input for the suppression of mutual interference. If this input is not used, the sensor will operate using an internally generated clock rate. The synchronisation of multiple sensors can be implemented as follows:

External synchronisation

The sensor can be synchronised by the external application of a square wave voltage. A synchronisation pulse at the synchronisation input starts a measuring cycle. The pulse must have a duration greater than 100 μ s. The measuring cycle starts with the falling edge of a synchronisation pulse. A low level > 1 s or an open synchronisation input results in normal operation of the sensor. A high level at the synchronisation input disables the sensor.

Two operating modes are available

- Multiple sensors can be controlled by the same synchronisation signal. The sensors work on the same clock rate.
- The synchronisation pulses are sent cyclically to only one sensor at a time. The sensors operate in multiplex mode.

Internal synchronisation

The synchronisation connections of up to 5 sensors capable of internal synchronisation are connected to one another. When power is applied, these sensors operate in multiplex mode. The response delay increases according to the number of sensors to be synchronised.

Note

If the option for synchronisation is not used, the synchronisation input should be connected with ground (0 V) or the sensor should be operated with a V1 cable connector (4-pin).

Installation conditions

If the sensor is installed at places, where the environment temperature can fall below 0 °C, for the sensors fixation, one of the mounting flanges BF18, BF18-F or BF 5.20 must be used

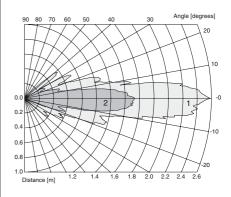
In case of direct mounting of the sensor in a through hole using the steel nuts, it has to be fixed at the middle of the housing thread. If a fixation at the front end of the threaded housing is required, plastic nuts with centering ring (accessories) must be used.

Model number

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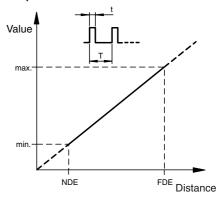
Characteristic curves/additional information

Characteristic response curves

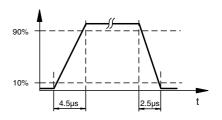


Curve 1: flat plate 100 mm x 100 mm Curve 2: round bar, Ø 25 mm

Output characteristic



Rise-/fall time of output signal





Accessories

Mounting aids/fixing flanges OMH-04

BF 18