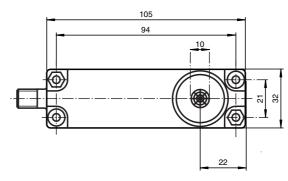
# Ultrasonic receiver UBE15M-F54-H2-V1



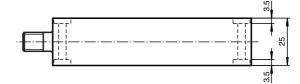
## **Features**

- Large sensing range
- Large possible lateral distance between emitter and receiver
- · Separate evaluation

# **Dimensions**



Bore hole and countersinking for screws/hexagon M4



CE

# **Technical data**

### **General specifications**

 $0\ ...\ 15000\ mm$  , emitter - receiver synchronised Sensing range Transducer frequency approx. 40 kHz

Angle of divergence ± 45 ° at -6 dB Temperature drift of echo propagation delay 0,2 %/K

**Electrical specifications** 

Operating voltage 10 ... 30 V DC , ripple 10  $\%_{\mbox{SS}}$ 

No-load supply current I<sub>0</sub>  $\leq$  15 mA (typ. 10 mA at  $U_B = 24$  V DC) Output Output type

1 pulse output for echo propagation time, open collector NPN, short-circuit proof 0 level (active):  $U_{OL} \le 2$  V,  $I_{OL} \le 15$  mA 1 level (inactive):  $U_{OH} = U_B$  (pull-up R = 330 kOhm)

Standard conformity

Standards Fulfills EMC requirements according to EN 60947-5-2

**Ambient conditions** 0 ... 50 °C (273 ... 323 K) -40 ... 85 °C (233 ... 358 K) Ambient temperature Storage temperature

Mechanical specifications

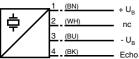
Protection degree Connection Material V1 connector (M12 x 1), 4-pin

Housing Mass 110 g

### **Electrical connection**

#### Standard symbol/Connection:

Receiver



Core colours in accordance with EN 60947-5-2.

### **Connector V1**



### **Function**

The receiver is part of a complete system consisting of receiver, emitter, and controller

Transmitter UBE15M-F54-H1-V1 Controller: UH3-16E4A-K15-R3

In real mode, the transmitter and receiver will not be not aligned to each other. This reduces the detection range that can be achieved.

The characteristic response curve to the side illustrates examples of the detection range of the system under the following operating conditions.

- The transmitter and receiver are arranged so they lie parallel opposite each other. The graph shows the detection range as a function of lateral offset.
- The receiver is arranged vertically downward, while the emitter is arranged in the direction of the receiver. The graph shows the detection range as a function of the angle of incidence.

This makes it possible to evaluate the detection range of the system as a function of the positioning of the transmitter and receiver for conditions that will occur in practical usage.

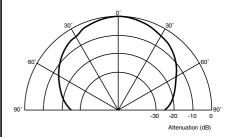


Cable sockets with built-in indicator LEDs must not be used to connect this device!

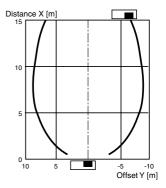
## UBE15M-F54-H2-V1

### Characteristic curves/additional information

#### **Direction characteristics**

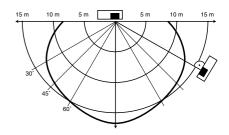


### Characteristic response curve



Permissible distance (offset) between the optical axis of the emitter and receiver.

# Characteristic response curve



Internet http://www.sensotronik.se